ANNUAL REPORT

AND

Financial Statement.

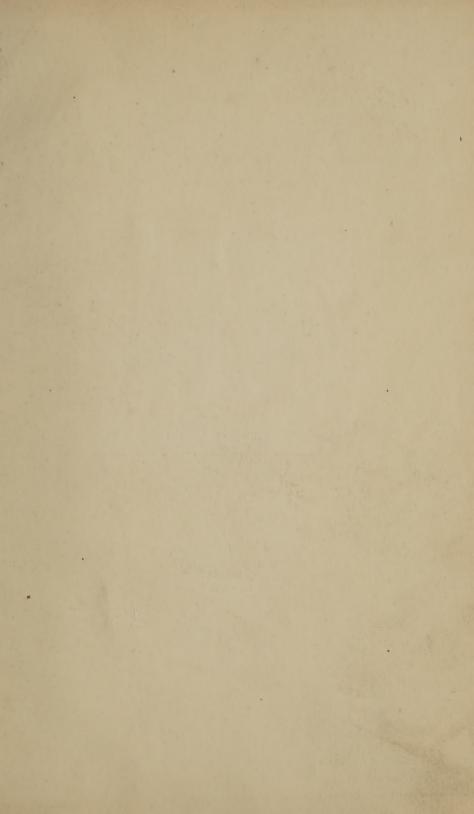
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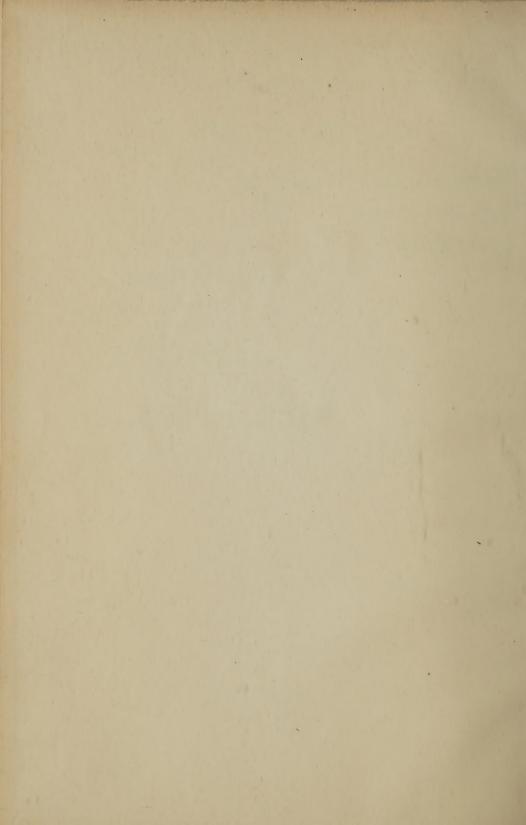
Board of Education.

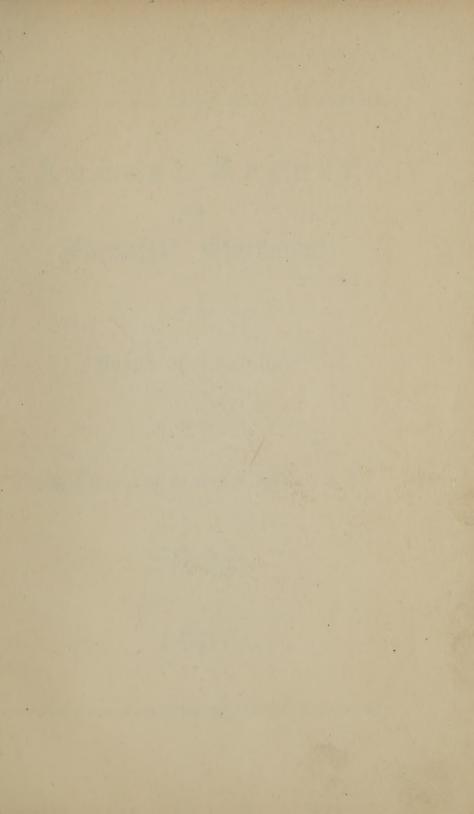
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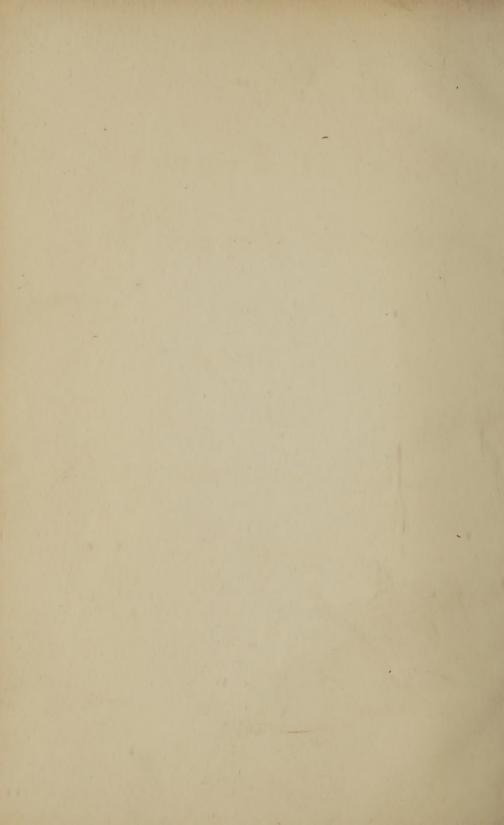
Board Room

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Annual Report

and

Financial Statement

of the

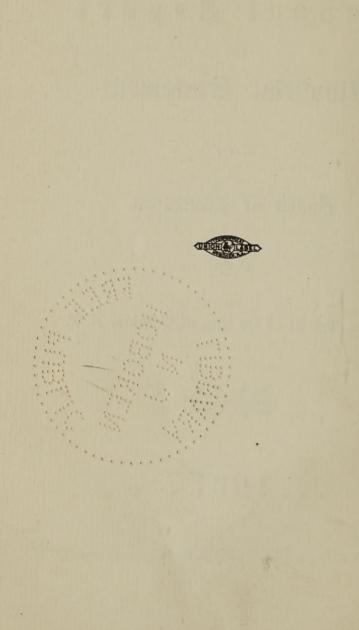
Board of Education

of the

School District of the City of Coboken, N. I.



...1907...



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Officers, 1907.



President,
EDWARD RUSS.

Vice-President, EDWIN A. STEVENS.

Secretary, WILLIAM A. KERR.

Superintendent,
A. J. DEMAREST.

Business Manager, A. W. CLAYTON.

Custodian of School Moneys, JAMES SMITH.



The Board meets on the third Monday of each month at School No. IV., on Park Avenue, near Sixth Street, Hoboken, New Jersey.

Members of the State Board of Education, 1907.

此

James L. Hayes, President	Newark
Edward E. Grosscup	Winonah
George A. Frey	Camden
James B. Woodward	Bordentown
Silas R. Morse	Atlantic City
W. Edwin Florance	New Brunswick
S. St. John McCutcheon	Plainfield
Percival Christie	High Bridge
William H. Morrow	Belvidere
Charles E. Surdam	Morristown
Sweeting Miles	Alpine
Francis Scott	Paterson
Edward G. Robertson	Newark
Dr. L. C. Love	Montclair
T. O'Connor Sloane	South Orange
Ulamor Allen	Jersey City
William R. Barricklo	Jersey City
Edward Russ	Hoboken
William D. Forbes	Hoboken

Names, Residence, and Terms of Office of the Members of the Board of Education.



Tern	n Expires.
Frederick Anderson, 55 Second Street	1908
Richard Carrara, 830 Willow Avenue	1907
Philip Daab, 1211 Bloomfield Street	1907
Stephen Hackett, 130 Adams Street	1908
George Lankering, 1230 Garden Street	1908
Richard Mooney, 602 Willow Avenue	1908
Edward Russ, Second National Bank Building	1907
Edwin A. Stevens, I Newark Street	1907
George H. Steil, Mayor (Ex-officio)	

Office of the Board at School No. IV., Park Avenue, near Sixth Street, Hoboken, New Jersey.

A. J. DEMAREST, Superintendent, Office Hours—School Days, 3 to 4. Saturdays, 9 to 11 A. M.

W. A. KERR, Secretary,

Office Hours: { 8:45 to 12 A. M., 1 to 4 P. M. Saturdays, 9 to 12 M.

Telephone Call, Hoboken, 202.

Location of Schools.



- No. 1, Garden Street, near Third,
 Principal A. J. Allen.
- No. 2, Garden Street, between Ninth and Tenth,
 Principal W. J. Wyse.
- No. 3, Adams Street, between Second and Third,
 Principal A. Musgrave.
- No. 4, Park Avenue, between Fifth and Sixth, Principal Miss E. A. Allen.
- No. 5, Clinton Street, corner Second,
 Principal Mrs. A. E. Moore.
- No. 6, Willow Avenue, corner Eleventh,
 Principal L. B. Bissell.
- No. 7, Park Avenue, corner Newark Street, Principal E. W. Oliver.
- No. 8, Seventh Street, between Adams and Jefferson, Principal J. F. Brandt.
- High School, Sixth Street, corner Park Avenue, Principal L. F. Talbot.
- Industrial School, Park Avenue, near Fifth, Principal J. B. Bloomer.

Report of the Secretary,

as to the Account between the Board and Custodian of School Moneys, for 1906-1907.

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1906—7. May I, State Appropriation .\$106,547 52 May I, City Appropriation . 168,150 43	
\$274,697 95 May I, Balance, 1906 1,707 35 May I, Interest 136 50 Mar. 15, Tuition fees 1,022 50 Dec. 17, Water refund 163 13	
Total amount of fund	\$277,727 43
RECEIVED FROM CUSTO	DIAN.
1906. May 21, By Requisition \$ 16,105 98 June 18, By Requisition \$ 31,861 82 June 28, By Requisition \$ 12,984 99 Aug. 20, By Requisition \$ 16,940 97 Sept. 17, By Requisition \$ 29,380 52 Oct. 15, By Requisition \$ 26,050 99 Dec. 17, By Requisition \$ 21,005 70 1907. \$ 21,999 15 Feb. 21, By Requisition \$ 20,097 16 Mar. 18, By Requisition \$ 23,181 26 April 15, By Requisition \$ 21,203 50 May 1, By Requisition \$ 1,603 32 May 13, Refund to City \$ 679 40 6,139 91	
Total amount received	\$276,391 93
Balance to credit of Board	\$1,335

50

Financial Statement, of the Board of Education, For the Year 1906-1907.



GENERAL ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

1906.

Balance in bank	106,547 52 168,150 43 136 50 1,022 50	43
SUMMARY OF	DISBURSEMENTS.	
Salaries:		
Teachers and Janitors\$	\$to8 688 44	
Superintendent	3.000 00	
Secretary,	T.800.00	
Business Manager	1,500 00	
Truant Officers	1,200 00	
•	\$206,188 44	
Coal and Wood		
Supplies	15,157 34	
Janitor's Supplies	1,445 81	
Evening School	2,396 84	
Water Insurance	975 93	
Gas and Electric Light	1,000 00 908 27	
Telephones	300 00	
H. S. Commencement	350 00	
Lectures	479 00	
Repairs	11,224 74	
Clock Care	225 00	
Piano Care	150 00	
Printing	1,496 48	

Rent, 1,620 00 Unpaid Claims 13,434 83 Heating Apparatus, No. 8 4,470 60 Miscellaneous 8,422 63
\$70,203 49
Total Disbursements \$276,391 93
Balance on hand, May, 1907
SUMMARY OF DISBURSEMENTS.
Salaries, all employees \$206,188 44
COAL AND WOOD.
Wm. L. Kamena \$1,563 24 McGann & Callery 1,030 28 Keystone Coal Co. 796 86 Jagels-Bellis Co. 2,052 03 Bruno Weise 556 21 I. Ingleson 84 00 W. F. Stall 63 40
SUPPLIES.
\$6,146 02 B. H. Sanborn & Co \$ 135 94 University Pub. Co

Standard Dict. Co	21	00
American Book Co	3.612	65
E. Steiger & Co	356	_
Burnz Company		00
D. Appleton & Co		96
Sibley & Co.		80
Globe Boob Co		68
The Century Co.	_	97
C. Scribners' Sons		49
C. W. Bardeen	49	
Eimer & Amend	35	
L. E. Knott Apparatus Co	60	
Edwin J. Kerr	132	
The Observer	2,753	80
W. W. Baxter	3,239	
Union Towel Supply Co	58	50
Essex Pure Water Co	10	25
J. Dittmars' Sons	14	
Smith Premier T. W. Co	448	
Underwood T. W. Co	74	
Monarch T. W. Co	70	
Remington T. W. Co	2 96	
Eimer & Amend		56
Paul Ink Co		00
H. Buchan H. Kummell	41	
	25 26	
W. A. Elliss	60	
Louis Delion	-00	00

\$15,157 34

JANITORS' SUPPLIES.

Decker & Longyear\$	70 00
H. H. Diercksen	164 30
Ross Bros	117 58
J. M. Patterson	252 60
F. Cordts Fur. Co	277 05
W. D. Binderwald	179 98
T. M. Abell & Co	36 30
Louis Belloff	48 00
I. Smalls	132 00
Carter Ink Co	98 00
Henry Ryan	70 00

EVENING SCHOOL.

EVENING SCHOOL,	
P. P. Simmons 38 92 American Book Co. 154 03 W. W. Baxter 136 05 Pay roll, four months 2,067 84	
	\$2,396 84
WATER.	
To August, 1906\$673 30 To February, 1907 465 76 \$1,139 06	
Less rebate 163 13	
INSURANCE.	\$975 93
E. Stack	\$1,000 00
GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT.	
Public Service Corp. Gas\$ 254 80 United Electric Co., Light and Power\$ 653 47	
	\$908 27
TELEPHONES.	
N. Y. & N. J. Telephone Co\$ 300 00	\$300 00
HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT.	
H. P. Soulier	

G. O. Kinney 2 G. A. Junker 4	13 50 ≥1 75 µ0 00 30 00	
Charged to unpaid account	50 25 25	
LECTURES.	\$350 00)
Edward Forbes	5 00 0 00 4 00	
REPAIRS.	\$479 00	
Cordts & Katenkamp 6 John Cosley 6 Frank Dolan 24 Frank Martens 45 John Tanner 87 J. Landrigan 8 Trustees Ger. Evan. Church 150 Francis Mooney 49 Fagan Iron Works 1,007 G. M. Sinclair 1,115 Robt. J. Rath 1,710 Bernard Koch 468 W. W. Hammell 923 J. W. Havens 499 J. E. Kenna 215 George Pinner 205 Consolidated Iron Works 303 Chas. Zang 694 John Rust 290 A. F. Mischo 328 J. H. Wagener 453 Thos. F. Devlin 372 Chas. Weber 209 Chas. Bandholz 47 Frank P. Schroeder 640 H. Haensel 100 Geo. Coppers & Co. 116	5 98 5 50 8 00 8 86 9 37 5 04 5 15 8 15 4 85 9 60 9 70 9 00 9 10 9 28 9 00 9 70	

1 2				
	156			
Jas. Halloran	12			
Frank Cordts Fur. Co	86			
R. C. Woerner	2			
A. Frank	03	•		
A. T. Pflugh	14			
Jersey City Ladder Co	50			
The Rice-Wray Co	30	41		
			\$11,224	74
PIANO CARE.				
The Lauter Company\$ 1	50	00	\$150	00
			. 0	
CLOCK CARE.				
Henry W. Grote\$ 2	25 (00	\$225	00
			".	
PRINTING.				
The Observer\$1,2	20 (00		
The Inquirer	6	00		
	30			
	28 (82 (
	30			
7			\$1,496	48
RENT.				
Trustees Martha Institute\$1,5	00 (00		
	20 (
-			h - C	
·			\$1,620	00
UNPAID CLAIMS, 1905-6.	•			
	68 d	00		
Louis Matthews	43 2	-		
	00 (
Bruno Weise	71 5			
J. Dittmar & Son	2 6 1			
Hoboken Bill Posting Co	12 (
Moyer Bros	13 7			
A. B. Dick Co	36 3	30		

The Century Co	5 00
Henry Holt & Co	2 15
B. H. Sanborn & Co	6 00
Jas. A. Marnell	388 05
Robt. Rath	238 15
Jos. Pinner	29 45
George Pinner	8 10
O. K. Elec. Equip. Co	213 70
J. E. Kenna	135 95
J. Aronson	1 60
Chas. Weber	50
S. F. Gluschowski	26 00
Geo. Coppers & Co	13 25
Frank Cordts Fur. Co	45 25
Allyn & Bacon	3 50 6 25
Newson & Company	1 50
D. C. Heath & Co	46 00
Ginn & Company	265 88
Maynard, Merrill & Co	138 86
Silver, Burdette & Co	35 45
American Book Co.	1,111 72
Hudson City Coal Co	2,468 65
Public Serv. Corp	254 10
United Electric Ĉo. Water Commissioners	436 69
The Lauter Company	554 87
The Observer	1,602 94
W. W. Baxter	336 32
The Inquirer	II 00
J. M. H. Dickson	52 00
Smith Prem. T. W. Co	90 40
Remington T. W. Co	88 00
Oliver T. W. Co	60 00
Powers & Lyon	7 34
The MacMillan Co. Keuffel & Esser Co	6 00
E. Steiger & Co	117 00
P. P. Simmons	69 14
Peckham, Little & Co	13 66
E. J. Kerr	64 42
Fagan Iron Works	294 93
G.M. Sinclair	370 75
Jas. Whalen	260 60
S. Bloomberg	112 25
J. H. Wagener	20 50
Jas. J. Doody	456 41

Chas. J. Delehey Lawson & MacMurray T. M. Abell & Co. J. M. Patterson N. Y. & N. J. Telephone Co. H. Haensel		59 85 55 81 14 55 25		
HEATING AND VENTILATING	: N	· · · ·	\$13,434	83
			J•	
Manahan Bros				
	363 134	_		
John Rust	-04			
1			\$4,470	60
MISCELLANEOUS.			1 1/ 1/	
N. Y. & N. J. Telephone Co\$	48	80		
	295			
Francis Mooney	22			
	450	-		
Ginn & Company	5	00		
Peckham, Little & Co		52		
Frank Cordts Fur. Co 4,4	455			
Ross Bros.		40		
Keystone Coal Co.	814	30		
G. M. Sinclair	_	40		
Schenkerberg & Son	22			
	132			
	820			
F. La Pointe	508			
Chas. Weber	I			
Public Service Corp	23			
United Electric Co.	46			
H. W. Grote	75			
	679			
_				
			\$8,422	63
m . 1 D' 1				
Total Disbursements		9	276,391	
Balance in the hands of Custodian		9	1,335	50

Appropriations and Disbursements 1906-1907.

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	Appropriation.	Disbursement.
Salaries	\$210,500 26	\$206,188 44
Coal and Wood	7,000 00	6,146 02
Supplies	15,522 50	15,157 34
Janitors' Supplies.	2,500 00	1,445 81
Evening School	2,500 00	2,396 84
Water	1,000 00	975 93
Insurance	1,000 00	1,000 00
Gas and E. Light.	800 00	908 27
Telephones	300 00	300 00
H. S. Commence't	350 00	350 00
Lectures	500 00	479 00
Repairs	. 12,000 00	11,224 74
Clock care	300 00	225 00
Piano care	250 00	150 00
Printing	2,250 00	1,496 48
Rent	1,860 00	1,620 00
Unpaid claims	13,645 04	13,434 83
Heating, No. 8	5,150 00	4,470 60
Incidental	200 63	
Miscellaneous	••	8,422 63
	\$277,727 43	\$276,391 93
D 1	4	1 707 70

Balance on hand May, 1907 ...

\$1,335 50

Statement of the Bonded Indebtedness of the School District of Hoboken, N. I.

School.	Date of issue.	No. o	f bonds.	Amount.	When due.	Int.	
5	Aug. 1st, 1887	4 of \$	310,000.)			1	
6	July 1st, 1890.	1 of 50 of	5,000.)	\$45,000	Aug. 1st, 1907.	41/2%	
0	July 18t, 1090.	10 of	1,000.) 5,000.)	100,000	July 1st, 1910.	4%	
7	Mar. 1st, 1897.	90 of	1,000.	90,000	Mar. 1st. 1917.	1	
7	June 1st, 1898.	13 of	1,000.	13,000	June 1st. 1918.	4%	
8	Mar. 1st, 1904.	140 of	1,000.	140,000	Mar. 1st. 1924.	4%	
9	Jan. 1st, 1907.	220 of	1,000.00	219,665	Jan. 1st, 1927.	4%	

Total amount of outstanding bonds, \$607,665.

Total amount of realty and personality, City of Hoboken, \$67,772,819.00.

Total amount of School Bonds that may be issued, being 3% on taxable valuation, \$2,033,184.57.

Diabursements as to Schaols.

		206,188		915 65	00		350 00 11,224 74	1,620 00		530 16 225 00	150 00	2,396 84	300 00	1,496 48	13,434 83	4,470 60 8,422 63	\$276,391 93
	\$8,000 00 2,325 79 2,456 78 3,579 76 1,599 65	188,226 46															
High School		78 \$14,154 00 35 418 00	2,541 38	85 16		27 67	542 89		19,659 61			-					
School 8		30 \$27,985 78 \$	2,632 63	133 94			1,544 20		70 \$28,360 01 \$20,730 87 \$34,434 58 \$19,659		_	-					
School 7			989 01		368 63		983 67		\$20,730 87								
School		\$23,893	1,799 01	178	137		1,156 51		\$28,360 01								
School			1,102 18	72 49			1,043 71										
School			1,965 98	80 54			2,168 29	120 00	\$25,395 31 \$26,815 01 \$21,164 59 \$32,105 73 \$17,858			t					
School 3		\$18,040 70	1,031 51	115 65	73 13	52 88	1,206 95		\$21,164 59								
School		22,966 61	1,551 17	73 84	20 00	18 91	1,407 32		\$26,815 01			-					
School 1		\$21,847 95	1.546 47	89 90	88 00	35 91	1.171 20		\$25,395 31			~					
	Salaries. Officials German Teachers Drawing Teachers Substitutes	Teachers and Janitors \$21,847 95 \$22,966 61	Coal and Wood	Janitors' Supplies	Water	Tas and Electric L	High School Com't			Stock in Store	Clock Care	Evening School	Telephones	Lectures	Unpaid Claims, 1906.	Heating at No. 8	Total Expenditures

Superintendent's Report.



To the Honorable, the Board of Education.

Gentlemen:

In compliance with the provisions of the State Law and the Regulations of your Honorable Body, I have the honor to submit herewith my tenth annual report as Superintendent of the Public Schools of the City of Hoboken.

In this rapildy growing city, it has always been a difficult problem to provide the necessary school accommodations. Unfortunately the erection of new school buildings has not kept pace with the demands of the times. Last year, the annex plan of providing for the overflow was abandoned. The Copenhagen system was instituted in School No. 4 by the organization of sixteen classes. This plan has several objectionable features and while it is not in harmony with the spirit and intent of the rules and regulations of the State Board of Education, which require that each and every pupil of legal school age shall be entitled to a seat and to a full day's teaching, it is the best plan that could be devised under our present conditions. It is only regarded as a temporary expedient, a make-shift, until the completion of School No. 9, which has been hindered and delayed through the processes of legal complications.

In a growing city, there is always an increasing demand for more school accommodations. While the Board of Education should always move with the greatest care in responding to this demand, yet when the supply is not adequate to the requirements of our school population, it should take "time by the forelock" and secure suitable building sites and have the

plans prepared for the erection of school houses so as to avoid unnecessary delay. It is only a question of time, when one of the wings to School No. 6 will have to be extended and in order to be prepared for that event, it would be an act of prudence on the part of the Board of Education to acquire the unimproved lots adjoining the building on the west.

In order to accommodate the increasing demands in the upper section of the city, the north wing of School No. 2 should be extended so as to provide for three additional class-rooms. These three additional class-rooms would give relief for two or three years at least and would prove a potent factor in solving the over-crowded school-room problem in the upper section of the city.

The playgrounds of School No. 7 are too small, too cramped, and wholly unsuitable for playground exercises. In a city, like ours, where there are no recreation parks where the children might indulge in outdoor play as a means of physical exercise, it then becomes the duty of the School Board to provide ample playgrounds in connection with the various school buildings. Outdoor exercises and suitable games played in the school yard are far more conducive to the physical development of our pupils than formal gymnastics in the class-room. This is in accordance with the best educational thought of the day. I would therefore recommend that your Honorable Body shall take the necessary steps to acquire the property adjoining School No. 7 for the enlargement of the playgrounds.

MANUAL TRAINING.

Manual training has been taught regularly in the grammar grades for the past year as heretofore. In order to accommodate all the pupils of the grammar grades, it became necessary to reduce the time alloted to each class. There are six teachers who give their full time to this work. In addition to this, it became necessary to employ two additional teachers of sewing on special days. It is not the aim of this school to teach any particular trade, but to give the pupils a skill of hand.

The work is so graded that the exercises progress from the simple to the complex and vary according to the ability of the pupil. "Evidently manual training is not intended to be a means of fitting the student for an occupation. Like mathematics, it strengthens and quickens the reasoning powers. Mathematical drawing teaches accurate and concise methods of expression and the various kinds of shop work train the hand and the eye and a large portion of the other brain centers. In the practical, every-day character of the work, lies additional educational value because it gives a general training along many lines which will fit the student for the special training he is later to receive along some special line. Clearly manual training is purely educational and not occupational in its aim. Its methods and results make it of equal value to girls and boys."

The drawing and manual training work should be so planned that the boys shall make mechanical drawings and designs in the class-room which they will be called upon to work out in the manual training room.

Superintendent Charles M. Merry, of Covington, Kentucky, has aptly summarized the manual training question as follows: "When our forefathers established the public schools, agriculture was the chief industry. The simple needs of the time could be met by the rudiments of learning-reading, writing and arithmetic-for one was only required to know how to read his Bible and to "cast" his own accounts. The boy on the farm and the girl in the home, from sheer necessity, gained manual dexterity. But no longer is agriculture king; manufacturing and commerce have become so much a part of our national life that cities have grown populous at the expense of the villages and farm districts. In our crowded city life it is impractible, if not wholly impossible for the boys and girls to get this manual dexterity of former years. Every boy of the past generation could learn a trade; through the apprenticeship; but now no man makes the whole, but only a part of any one thing, so that the apprentice system is practically abolished. The possibilities of learning a trade are now only obtainable for the few. These exigencies of public life must be met by our schools, for whenever a school system fails to give to its students a greater power for understanding conditions around them or neglects to train for the mastery of physical forces, it is not fulfilling the purposes for which it was established."

During the past year, 3,914 pupils received some phase of industrial work.

PARENTS' ASSOCIATIONS.

It is remarkable that parents as a rule are so apathetic about the education of their children. They seem to think that their duty and responsibility end as soon as their children are placed under the care of some teacher. It seems almost beyond comprehension, that they are so willing to leave the life training of their offspring to teachers about whom they know so little. Their school visitation is almost exclusively confined to holiday entertainments when "Johnny" is to speak "his piece" and to an occasional call on the principal to settle some real or imaginary grievance. This is radically wrong. The home and the school should be brought closer together and made mutually helpful.

If parents would manifest a special interest in the school and its daily work by visiting the classes frequently, they would not only be surprised by the nature and scope of the work, but they would be less inclined to indulge in unjust and carping criticism. A great gulf of indifference now separates the class-room from the home; this should be bridged by a beautiful span of mutual

sympathy.

Teachers need encouragement and appreciation; not censure and condemnation. Under the most ideal circumstances, school teaching is no sinecure. It is the hardest, the most exacting, the most nerve-wearing of all professions and an occasional word of appreciation would surely act as a tonic and an inspiration to our teachers who are giving the best years of their life that the rising generation might fulfill in some degree the august duties which will devolve upon them as their birthright in this land of liberty.

Criticism of public institutions and public affairs is a healthy indication that the people are taking a lively interest in the trend of things. Just criticism, based on fairness and reason which has for its aim an improvement of conditions, is welcome at all times. Such criticism has a wholesome tendency to make those who assume responsibility more careful and alert in the discharge of their duties. But criticism which springs from sheer ignorance and hearsay whose sole purpose is to get square

and make things lively, is unjust and breeds an incalculable injury more particularly so when it applies to school affairs. It is an indisputable fact, that this kind of criticism comes from that class of people who never enter a class-room and are consequently ignorant of the faintest conceptions of school work.

"Such people never go inside a class-room and yet are the severest fault-finders. If such a parent's boy or girl is corrected by the teacher, the boy or girl goes home to complain about the teacher. The boy is not to blame for doing so, but the parent for listening to such a complaint. The parent sits in judgment over the teacher without giving the teacher a chance to be heard. This is the worst thing that a parent can do. Every teacher tries to do as nearly right as lies within her power and some unpleasantness must of necessity arise. The parents ought to hear the other side of the story before passing judgment upon the teacher. If the parents would only realize that the teachers are trying to do their children a lasting and lifetime benefit, good would come from it; they would come and visit the school: look after their children more than after their flowers or their gardens or their clubs, and there would be developed better men and women."

Children only reflect in the class-room, the parental feeling at home. When parents exhibit a lively interest in the work, the children are soon imbued with the same spirit and give a natural exhibition of the same in the presence of the teacher.

Our schools should be open at all times to parents. They should be allowed to pass from class-room to class-room without restraint, but under no circumstances to engage in conversation with the teacher during school hours. The teachers would be pleased to tarry after school for the purpose of meeting parents and accept any helpful suggestions that might be made.

Teachers are frequently misunderstood by parents and on the other hand parents are often misjudged by the teachers. If the home and the school could be brought into closer relationship these unjust criticisms woull soon pass away and a strong bond of sympathy would then exist between the two great agencies in training children.

In a former report, I strongly urged the formation of a "Parents' Association" in each school, but regret to state that

this very important phase of school work has not been taken up. In many cities, these societies have been formed and have not only attracted wide-spread attention, but have been the means of accomplishing great and lasting good. In the Borough of Brooklyn where these associations have become a factor in moulding public opinion on all great educational questions, the superintendent says:

"These societies, if they are guided by wisdom, may do much to improve the condition of the public schools and especially to establish those close relations between parent and teacher that are essential to the proper training of the child. Such societies may lead careless parents to see how deep a concern they have in the education of their children. They will bring home to the minds of many who do not see it, the usefulness of art education, of manual training, drawing and of physical culture. They will show their appreciation of good work in the schools; and when there is criticism to be made, they will make it in so kindly a way as to disarm pugnacity. Above all, they will lead the teacher to see that the school is doing its best work when it is cordially co-operating with other forces for good in the community."

HIGH SCHOOL.

The High School fills an important place in our public school system. This is true, whether it is viewed as a finishing, a preparatory school or as it is more popularly called the "People's College." It marks one of the most important transitions of school life. The pupils enter it but little more than children and when the graduation time comes, they leave it young men and women. It is during this important period of their school career that they are taught the most valuable lesson of life—self reliance.

For many years, the High School has labored under many disadvantages. It has never enjoyed the "comforts and delights" of a home of its own. During its entire career, it has been obliged to occupy cramped and unsuitable quarters which in a large degree has hampered its usefulness and growth. It moved into its present quarters on September 6th, 1898. Again it has outgrown its quarters and a new High School building is an absolute necessity.

The building in which this school is housed is the most in-adequate and by all odds the shabbiest of any High School structure in the State. The present High School building is a discredit to the city, and local civic pride. Several of the classrooms are entirely too small; wholly unsuited for our needs; and have no means of ventilation except through the windows. Four attic rooms are used as class-rooms. During the past year, all available space, such as the principal's office, teachers' room, etc., has been used for recitation purposes. The congestion in rooms and corridors as a result of our crowded condition cannot be sufficiently appreciated except by those who witness it daily. If a large class should enter next year and the present average enrollment remain normal, there will be a difficult problem to solve.

If environment plays an important part in the education of the youth, the pupils attending the Hoboken High School are seriously handicapped. While it is important that every pupil should have a seat and a desk, it is much more important that our class-rooms should be hygienic. The pressing need of the hour is a new High School building. Steps were taken by the Board of Education to secure a High School site, but unfortunately were obliged to resort to condemnation proceedings.

The High School, notwithstanding its physical drawbacks, is steadily forging ahead; is winning a coveted position of efficiency among the institutions of its class; and furthermore it is meriting the esteem of the community. The High School offers a valuable preparation for life in studies beyond the grammar school curriculum. It is gratifying to state that our graduates in the various higher institutions of learning have and are reflecting credit upon the school. Some have made admirable records at college and normal schools; others who have gone from our commercial department are filling responsible positions in the business world; still others in the professional ranks have won honors as teachers, lawyers, physicians, artists and journalists.

The question is often asked, does a High School education pay,—does it pay the pupils to spend four years in a High School and does it pay any school district to expend the money for the maintenance of such an institution? This question has

been so ably and so conclusively answered by another that I have decided to incorporate it bodily in this report.

- I. If your boy is worth the salt that goes in his bread, it will make a far more able man of him, mentally, morally, and physically. There are exceptions, it is true, but the exceptions only prove the rule.
- 2. High School teachers should always be—and if the school is a good one—broad-gauged, scholarly men and women, educated in our best universities and colleges. It is above all money value to any boy to come in close contact for a few years with such manly men and womenly women as should, and usually do, form the faculties of a good High School.
- 3. It will increase his money-earning capacity. The best statistics show that the illiterate man in this country earns less than \$300 a year; the man with a common school education alone, earns over \$400 a year; the man with a High School education earns over \$600 a year. Suppose your boy works from the time he is twenty until he is sixty years old—an earning period of forty years—figure the increased earning capacity if you give him a High School education. There are some exceptions of course, but we suppose your boy is a boy of average intelligence, as bright or brighter than his father was at the same age. Fools and dudes are exceptions to all rules.
- 4. A good High School course will give a broader field of activity to your boy. In every walk of life the demands are more and more for men and women with something above a common school education. Firm after firm announces that their employees must have at least a good High School education. The mental discipline and self-control given by a good High School course will give self-direction and grasp of conditions to your boy long after the Latin endings and algebraic formulae which gave the discipline will be forgotten. It is the discipline for life's duties that is the real worth of the High School to the boy.
- 5. The more thorough the education of your boy, the larger will be his adaptability to different kinds of work. Blessed is the man whose resources and intelligence are such that he can readily, if circumstance demand it, find a dozen ways to

make an honorable living for himself and family. Here it is that the great superiority of the culture-giving, broad-gauged High School course is shown over the trade-fitting, quick-time, short-cut, get-ready-in-a-hurry school.

- 6. The High School course will prepare your boy for the deeper training of the university, which, if he is built of the right material, he will get for himself or urge you to give him if you are able; or, it will fit him to become a successful leader in business or lay the foundation for a professional course and career.
- 7. The discipline and training of a good High School course will not only increase the earning capacity of your boy, but it will increase his living capacity. He will see more beauty in the evening sunset, God's wonderful watchcare in the stars overhead, and more and sweeter fragrance in the pansy at his feet. It will develop character and manhood, give him thoughts and ideas of his own, make him broader in his views of life and raise him more nearly to the standard of a man.
- 8. The High School course should, and the chances are that it will, discover the boy to himself—and this is the greatest discovery, any man can make—his own dignity, and worth, and capacity, and inclination—these things discovered, and the man has a storage power of his own to make life a success.
- 9. The High School course will increase your boy's chances for distinction in his life's work. A high authority, after much study of the census returns of our country, reaches the following conclusions:
- (a) That an uneducated child has but one chance out of 150,000 to gain distinction as a factor in the progress of the age.
- (b) That a common school education will increase his chances nearly four times.
- (c) That High School education increases the chances over the common school education twenty-three times or makes his chances for distinction eighty-seven times as great as if he were without education.
- (d) A High School education will make your boy a more positive force in his community, his State, and his nation; socially, economically, and politically.

Graduates of the High School.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT—FEBRUARY CLASS.

Amy V. Baumgarten Irwin Slote Walter Wilson Helen B. Smith

Helen H. Ketcham Thomas Bowe Angelina Koch Brunhilde Weller

JUNE CLASS.

Walter F. Carling
Catharine V. Doran
Roland A. Hillas
Florence I. Kerr
Lucy M. Kachenmester
Madeline Kahrs
Pauline L. Klie
Ada L. Kessler

Anna Kaliski
Anna M. Rumohr
Jay B. Rudolphy
Rosalie T. Schieb
Carl R. Schroeder
Margaretta Smith
Beatrice C. Stegman
Herbert F. Stover

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Names of pupils who completed a two years' course and who received a certificate of efficiency.

FEBRUARY CLASS.

Emma Berner
Laura Doring
Gertrude Heitman
Augusta Lasitschka
Martha Stuer
Mary Siemens
John Kamna
Herman Segelken
Louis Sivori
Ethel Davies
Thomas Jacobsen
John Reinbold

Justus Schlichting
Unarlotte Bothe
Emily Fischer
Paula Hoermann
Ella McLaughlin
Ruth Gewehr
Caroline Itminger
Henrietta Romeika
Lucy von der Lieth
Charles Lamar
Gerhard Selck

JUNE CLASS.

Grace Ahner
Sylvia Aronsberg
Henry J. Baack
Ernest J. Boitano
Mary V. Brown
Gertrude Brummerhop
Rose Hoym
Benedict A. P. Loewy
Harry L. Perry

Hedwig B. Pfersch
Herman Platt
Anna C. Puhm
Rosaline F. Seville
Owen H. Smith
Margaret S. Thoene
Howard Walrath
Peter F. Martens
Florence E. Winslow

TRAINING AND MODEL SCHOOL.

The Training School has fully come up to the expectations of its organizers and many of its graduates are now teaching successfully in this city and in several schools of the county. The work of the Model School has always been of a superior character. There is a prevailing impression in the minds of some people that the work required of the critic teacher is not more exacting than that of the regular grade teacher. A cursory glance at the facts will prove that this impression is erroneous.

"The critic teacher has to make special preparation for each days' work. She is under the necessity of preparing new plans of work daily so that the instruction shall be fresh and worthy of imitation by the pupil-teachers. She has to keep her class up to a high grade of efficiency in order that the pupil-teachers who visit her class-room almost daily may see her discipline and instruction under the most favorable conditions. standard of excellence must be kept up each day in the year which naturally imposes a great strain upon the nerve force of the critic teacher. The lessons given as model lessons must be based on sound pedagogical and psychological principles. To · do this, the critic teacher is obliged to do a great amount of collateral reading in order that she might keep abreast of educational progress and at the same time to be able to give the pupil-teachers the benefit of the newest and most progressive thought of the educational world."

Graduates of the Training School.

FEBRUARY CLASS.

Anna Margretta Bryan

Theresa Lucia Maggi

JUNE CLASS. Ethel Kirk.

FEBRUARY CLASS.

SCHOOL No. 1.

Florence Anthony Edna Brummerhop Fred Benn Walter Cyphers Anna Bruning
Sophid Freyburger
Catharina Koenig
Ranah Krellwitz
Louisa Muller
Agnes Neafey
Bertha Steuer
May Swendemann
Nellie von der Spek
Pearle Woodruff
Florence Wright

Herman Eggers
Carl Hoffmann
Abe Hollinshead
Richard Hopf
George Junker
Lewis Protoss
Harry Riker
Manly Rogers
James Ryan
Daniel Simon
Richard Talmadge

Selma Abrahamsen Cathryn Beisbarth Mayma Butler Ada Crary Gertrude Jacobsen Florence Kent Ernestine Magnus Kate Meyer Bertha Oelschlager Rose Parpart May Rosenkranz Anna Schildnecht

SCHOOL No. 2.

Anna Winkler
Blanche Workman
Neil Bell
Harold Goetschius
Franklin Harrison
Henry Helk
Henry Heins
William Nestler
Charles Rovegno
George Steil
Arthur Schroeder
Clifford Sturdivant

George W. Bennett Frank Booth Frank Ernst Frank Hebberd Bernhard Loewy John Prigge William Schmidt Harriet Baumgarten Bertha Behrens Sadie Frerichs Carrie Hyatt Theresa Rabold Bertha Wanck

SCHOOL No. 6.

Edythe Jackson
Mattie Lankering
Justine La Pointe
Charles Schultze
Frank Spader
Arthur Tappen
Fred Van Orden
Abraham Wechsler
Fred Zickert
Edith Naugle
Elizabeth Peter
Martha E. Runton
Ethyl Ward

SCHOOL No. 8.

Alexander Reingold
William Umland
George Wagner
Edna Breuel
Elvira Benzoni
Florence Glahe
Miriam R. Hubsch
Jeanette Kehoe
Augusta Matthes
Evelyn Newmark
Frances Oppenheimer

Lyman Black James Costello Joseph Casazza Isadore Freeman Abraham Feldman Joseph Guaraglia Henry Holl Paul Kraeft Samuel Millberg Thomas Murphy Frank McCraigh Lester Pfersch Leo Pompliano Frederick Reimer Marion Ott Rose Zannelli

JUNE CLASSES. SCHOOL No. 1.

Mary Arata
Clara Borjes
Genevieve Bach
Wilhelmina Gaede
Edna Humberg
Rachel Hirschensohn
Anna Kunze
Hilda Ronquist
Ulrike Roeder
Helen Rosenfeld
Louise Rickens
Esther Rosenberg
Clara Schmidt
Sophie Schatz
Margaret Schwarze

Esther Schackford Catharine Wilson Henrietta Wichelus Lester Cordts Christopher Doscher Arthur Glasser Samuel Hirschberg William Krueger Herman Koenig Henry Kruse William Kruse William Kuiper Walter Ochs Harry Reick George Vogel John Worischeck

SCHOOL No. 2.

Elsie Volmer
Nettie Wendt
Raymond Allen
Raymond Briggs
Servis Burgers
Charles Duis
Francis Detmaring
Harry Eisberg
Edgar Grabau
Henry Jacob
John Kipp
Edward Meisner
Conrad Schwarze
William de Veer

Isabel Burtis Bertha Beissbarth Frances Devitt Elonore Hartmann Verona Hilpert Elsie Hahn Gertrude Hogan Henrietta Kuper Charlotte Lawrence Marguerite Mathil Theresa Mullins Johanna Muglin Edna Martin Ruby Spaulding Marie Steinfeldt

SCHOOL No. 6.

Cnarles Bennett
Thomas Bryan
Hyatt Daab
Otto Klie
Russell Leeger
Fred Meyer
Robert Meyer
Howard McDonald
Everett Magovern
Ray Pierrez
Charles Sturken

Violet Davey
Louise Degenhardt
Madeline Hall
Fannie Hamilton
Ella Henckel
Anna Leete
Anna Morrison
Elsa Moeller
Charlotte Schmidt
Laura Schultze
Elizabeth Stewart

Florence Ahlstrom Clara Ansel Elizabeth Van Twisk Clara Sturken Grace Una

SCHOOL No. 8.

SCHOOL 8. Elizabeth Blackton Madeline Dornbrierer Louise Doscher Margaret Folev Anna Greenfield Evelyn Guaraglia Frances Hoffman Mary Kochendorfer Ida Levenson Clara Lang Kate Meltzer Louise Oberdeick Theresa Peters Ray Aldrich James Cardinale William Cullen Max Eskin Henry C. Gilloud Frederick zu Hohe Abraham Levenson Charles Mehring George Neuman Thomas Rooney Ralph Sansvarre Frederick Sedden Caesar Seville Michael Scott Frank Schultz Bruno Schrader Herman Wieboldt

William marner Otto Larsen Marguerite Bowes Caroline Cammisar Lenore Greenberg Idal Goldman Sadie Ginsberg Johanna Hopf Edith Sarsnett Marie Schwinge Mary M. Tiger Irene K. Wilson Samuel Bearman Emil Bruning Albert Carlson George Drews August Eggert George Eggert Thomas (Fleming Anthony Ghio Arthur Jurgens Frederick Kurz William de Min Solomon Nathanson Andrew Persich Dominio Protomastro Sigmund Reach William Steil Adolph Swensen George Weiman Ernest Widmayer August Garabaldi

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE.

The attendance of pupils during the past year has shown a marked improvement. This is largely due to the indefatigable efforts of the truant officers. With an enrollment of 10,721 pupils, there were 100,363 days of absence. From this total absence there should be deducted 3,394 days for pupils quarantined by the Board of Education. This absence may be attributed to four causes: 1. Sickness. 2. Home duties. 3. Thoughtless and indifferent parents. 4. Truancy. School absence is a serious matter. It not only greatly retards the progress of the classes, but it promotes and fosters wrong princi-

ples in the minds of pupils. If it is not checked and stopped it becomes infectious. When the State and city are so willing to provide free school-rooms, free text books, free tuition, free supplies, in fact, willing to supply everything that is required except "brains," it is a strange commentary on human nature that stringent laws have to be enacted which require the services of truant officers to compel parents to educate their children. But such is the case, and the law has to step in, and truant officers become a necessity.

The education of the child should be the first consideration. Social matters, parties, concerts, theatres, shopping expeditions, and family visitations should at all times give way to the more important conditions for successful school work. These diversions are good in themselves provided they do not distract the attention of the child, interfere with his regularity of attendance; deprive him of his time to make the necessary preparation of his assigned tasks; and lessen his interest in his school work. Evening parades on the city streets are very harmful and exert a baneful influence. Plenty of good wholesome exercise in the open air and an early bedtime are the two essentials for good work. Mothers ought to realize that their children surrer an irreparable loss in school work when they permit their children to become absorbed in the social affairs and to parade tne streets at all hours of the night. The greatest drawback in all school work is the irregular and scattering attendance of pupils. Few parents seem to realize the great disadvantages under which their children labor after a day or two day's absence from school. To keep a child at home for trivial matters is the very worst child robbery that can be perpetrated. "The moral and intellectual effects are both pernicious and demoralizing." There will always be more or less of unavoidable absence that will be justified by attendant circumstances, unfortunate enough for all concerned; but deliberate unnecessary and whimsical reasons are no excuses at all. To defraud a child of an education is a crime and it should be dealt with as such."

Number of children whose parents were visited	
by the truant officers	5,036
Number of truants brought to school	257
Number of truants arrested	19
Number of truants reprimanded by the Recorder.	16
Number of truants on probation	2
Number of truants sent to Reform School	1

FREE PUBLIC LECTURES.

The usual course of free lectures, under the supervision of the Board of Education, was given during the winter months to the workingmen and working women of this city. The lectures were given in the assembly halls of Schools No. 6 and 7. The lecturers were supplied by Dr. Henry Leipziger, Supervisor of the Lecture Department of the Public Schools of the City of New York. Judging by the large attendance and the interest taken, it was one of the most popular courses ever given in this city. The attendance at the lectures given in the lower section of the city has been growing from year to year, which justifies a statement made in a previous report to the effect that "lectures are a matter of education and growth." The lectures are educational in character and are conferring a lasting blessing by bringing large numbers of people together for mutual pleasure and instruction. The following lectures were given:

"Literary and Historic Shrines of Boston and Vicinity," Isaac F. Smith; "What to do in Accidents and Emergencies," Dr. John Douglas; The Yellowstone National Park," Edward Russell Perry; "The Origin and Development of the Petroleum Industry," Emerson E. Proper; "Humanity's Struggle for Liberty," Henry R. Rose; "The Making of a Newspaper," Frank L. Blanchard; "Berlin and Military Life in Germany," Henry Zick: "California and the Yosemite Valley," Homer C. Bristol: "Anthracite Coal: Methods of Mining and Preparation for Domestic Use," B. M. Jaquish; "Henry Clay, the Compromiser," J. P. Gordy; "The Care of the Eyes," Dr. E. B. Coburn; "Homes, Habits and History of the French People," Henry E. Northrup; "Fighting Fire at Home and Abroad." Charles T. Hill; "The Canyons of the Colorado," Mary V. Worstell; "The Mediterranean," Edwin A. Havers; "A World's Race for a Continent," Edward Hagaman Hall; "Canada," William T. Smith: "The Wheat Country of the Northwest," Charles F. Walker.

HOME STUDY.

The subject of home study is worthy of our most thoughtful attention. It is a question which at the present time is en-

gaging the best thought of the educational world. The patrons of our schools are divided into two classes on this subject. The majority feel that it is almost criminal to impose additional burdens on the youthful mind after five hours of work in the classroom. The other class seems to feel that there is something seriously wrong at school, if the children do not come home with a big pile of books. Home tasks should be confined exclusively to memory work. Many parents in their anxiety to help their children, as a rule, do more harm than good. The methods in vogue to-day are radically different from those employed a generation ago and the help received at home in many instances interferes with the instruction in the class-room. It seems to be the consensus of opinion that children in the lowest grades should not be compelled to do any home work and with this opinion I am in hearty sympathy.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

It is a pleasure to acknowledge the cordial and helpful relations existing between the Free Public Library and the Public Schools. The librarian and his corps of assistants are willing at all times to render assistance to teachers and pupils. The Board of Library Trustees has shown its good will and spirit of helpfulness by placing a large, well lighted and commodious room at the disposal of the public school pupils. This room is well patronized and it is needless to state that this courtesy is fully appreciated by our students.

EVENING SCHOOL.

The evening school of last year was eminently successful. It has become an important factor in our school system. There are many difficult problems to be considered in conducting an evening school. These difficulties are not peculiar to Hoboken alone but are common to all evening schools. First, there is the irregularity of attendance; the majority of pupils come from the shops, the mills and the foundries. After a day of hard work, the evening school does not hold out any special inducements to these toilers and it is only a natural consequence that as soon as the enthusiasm wears away, the attendance begins

to fall off. Another difficulty arises from the fact, that these pupils have little or no time outside of the class-room for the preparation of their lessons. Yet notwithstanding these hindrances, the night school held last winter, was one of the most successful that has ever been conducted in this city.

The enrollment (school age) for the term was 543 with an average attendance of 248.91.

The total cost of maintaining the school was \$2,396.84, which makes the per capita cost \$4.39 based on the enrollment and \$9.62 based on the average attendance.

The total enrollment, including those over school age, was 12,990. The cost per pupil based on this enrollment amounts to \$1.84.

MEDICAL INSPECTION.

This question is receiving more and more attention each year by School Boards. In many cities, a regular and systematic inspection of school children is made by some physicians under the direction of the Board. The reports of these inspectors show conclusively that a large majority of pupils attending the public schools is afflicted with abnormal eyesight. In a majority of instances, if this impaired vision were treated in its incipient stages, the defects could be remedied. It is a matter of surprise to find how indifferent parents are in this regard and that makes it all the more obligatory upon the Board of Education to remedy this evil.

The medical inspector is not to serve in the capacity of a physician and give medical treatment. It is his duty to examine all sick and complaining children; to give the teachers advice concerning them; to decide whether the children shall be sent home and excluded from school or whether the case shall be referred to the family physician, through notice sent to the parent. Medical inspection will prevent the spread of disease by an earlydetection of symptoms and by putting needy cases in the way of treatment and furthermore it will be the means of securing cleaner and better conditions of health in our schools. The good done in remedying defective eyesight alone will more than compensate the cost.

In Philadelphia, 1,375 children were examined and 43 per

cent. were found to be suffering from some form of defective eyesight. An examination of 25,000 children in Minneapolis revealed the fact that 32 per cent, had defective eyesight. Many other instances could be given to show the imperative need of such inspection.

Medical inspection of the schools of the City of Boston revealed the startling fact that out of 16,790 pupils examined, 10,737 of them were ill; 2,041 were too ill to remain in school for the day. The most startling part of the report was that out of 16,790 pupils, 77 had diphtheria, 28 had scarlet fever, 116 had measles, 28 had chicken pox, 69 pediculosis, 47 had scabis, 29 had the mumps, and 33 had whooping cough.

The population of Hoboken is estimated at 68,000. Over one-seventh of our population is at school each day. The various forms of contagious disease lurking in the class-room are carried to every home in the city by this one-seventh. Therefore it becomes apparent that medical inspection in the schools is not only of vital importance to the children, but it will serve as a protection against the spread of disease in the homes.

I would therefore recommend that a medical inspector be employed to make systematic inspections of the school children. The cost of an inspector would be insignificant when compared to the great good that could be accomplished.

TEACHERS.

It gives me great pleasure to report that there has been a steady advance in the general character of the teaching. The teachers, as a rule, are interested in their work and go to the class-rooms with their lessons carefully prepared. Without this special preparation, teaching is aimless and very unsatisfactory in results. It is only by careful preparation and skillful presentation of subject matter, that teaching takes definite aim and rises to the highest standard of pedagogical art.

Another healthful sign which proves that our teachers are anxious to do better work, from year to year, is the fact that many of them, in addition to their regular school work, have entered colleges, schools of pedagogy and college extension courses. During the year, the majority of our teachers were engaged in cultural or professional studies. The college extension

sion course given in this city last year was the most successful that we have ever held both in point of numbers and enthusiasm shown for the work. Dr. Balliet, the Dean of the New York School of Pedagogy, was the instructor. His course in "English" was very practical in character and I have every reason to believe that his efforts will exert a wholesome influence in classroom work. Ten years ago, there was not a teacher or principal in our department who held a college diploma. To-day, we have twelve college graduates, ten under-graduates, and one hundred and fifty identified with college extension courses, all of which speaks highly of the enterprise and zeal of our teachers. Broader scholarship and finer culture are sure to give wider horizons and greater power in the school-room.

Many times during the year, I have met the principals in conference for the discussion of school-room problems and the

general management of their schools.

In conclusion, I desire to acknowledge my grateful appreciation to the principals, teachers and members of the Board of Education for honest efforts, cordial support and hearty cooperation accorded to me at all times in the administration of the school department.

Respectfully submitted,

A. J. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

June, 1907.

In Memoriam

Cornelius J. Brower died November 11th, 1906. He had been connected with the schools of this city for a little more than eighteen years in the capacity of principal. During that time, he gave the most careful, conscientious work, inspired by an enthusiasm that never flagged. During the past few years and while disease was wearing away his life, cheerfulness marked his regular attendance to duty. It may be said of Mr. Brower that he literally "died in harness." He bade his teachers good-bye on Friday afternoon, and on the following Sunday afternoon, he passed into the light which lies beyond the valley of the shadow of death. His unexpected death came as a great shock to pupils, teachers and friends. At a meeting of the Teachers' Mutual Aid Association called to honor the memory of its late president, a memorial address was delivered by the Superintendent in which he took occasion to pay a high tribute to the many qualities which marked Mr. Brower as a teacher of exceptional ability.

He leaves behind him a memory of a long, useful and helpful life—a life devoted not to the making of riches but to the accumulation of knowledge-knowledge which he did not use as a means of selfish culture, but for the improvement and in-

spiration of the young.

Miss Helen E. Tifft died August 1st, 1906. After thirtyone years of faithful service, she resigned on May 1st, 1901 in order to accept the provisions of the Teachers' Retirement Fund. Nature and education had eminently fitted her to be a teacher. She was earnest, untiring, but just, hating the wrong and loving Many a Hoboken boy, now grown to manhood, is the better man for her precept and example.

William Francis Ryan died on December 13th, 1906. many years, Mr. Ryan was one of our most faithful janitors. was always courteous in manner and painstaking in the discharge of his duties. His many lovable qualities endeared him to pupils and teachers and his untimely death was mourned by a large circle of friends.

Michael Caulfield died on June 6th, 1907. For three years, he was janitor of the First Street Annex. He was of a kindly cisposition and faithful in the discharge of his duties.

Resignations

Name.	When Accepted.
C. C. Atwell (Retired)	September 1st, 1906
T. Henry	September 1st, 1906
William A. Kavanagh	September 1st, 1906
Bessie McCague	September 21st, 1906
Elizabeth Norton	September 27th, 1906
Kate Bovingdon (Retired)	February 1st, 1907
Lily Callaghan	February 1st, 1907
Louise Bailey (Retired)	March 18th, 1907
A. Semmig	



Appointments.

Name.	When Appointed.
Name. Leon E. Daniels	September 1st, 1906
Grace Pope	
A. Lockwood	October 1st, 1906
Alice R. Ring	.October 16th, 1906
C. E. Strothoff	
C. C. Worsthorn	March 1st, 1907
M. Cummings	March 1st, 1907
Jennie A. Frost	April 1st, 1907
Arthur Wakefield	June 1st, 1907

Table One

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR

ENDING JUNE 30th, 1907.	
Population of Cityestimated, 68,0	000
Number of Annexes	. 0
Number of Class-rooms	. I
Number of sittings for pupils	98
Total Enrollment:	10
Day School	78
A verage attendance (D. G.	12
Number of teachers (man)	2 T
Number of teachers (women)	.9
Whole number of cases of tardiness (pupils)22	23
Number of graduates from:	19
(a) High School:	
Tagai benoof:	
I. Academic Department	
February Class	
June Class	8
	O
2. Commercial Department	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
February Class June Class	3
	3
(b) Training School:	
February Class	
June Class	
Number of graduates from the Grammar Schools:	
graduates from the Grammar Schools:	
February Classes	
June Classes	
Total Envalue	
Total Enrollment of Night School (including pupils over school age)	
over school age)	
. , , ,	

Table Tmo.

TARDINESS OF PUPILS FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1907.

Month.	School No. 1.	School No. 2.	School No. 3.	School No. 4.	School No. 5.	School No. 6.	School No. 7.	School No. 8.	High School	School Annex.	Total.
September October November December January February March April May June Total	2 11 0 0 6 0 12 0 4 3 28	2 5 11 5 7 8 7 10 8 6 6	2 28 12 18 29 17 19 29 14 197		0 12 35 22 27 13 48 20 10 5	3 4 11 10 6 3 0 3 0 0	13	34	3 14 12 15 14 18 17 12 14 14 14 133	10 10 6 9 12 8	212 252 250 280

Table Three.

ENROLLMENT, ETC. OF PUPILS.

PRIMARY AND GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

Year.	Enrollment.	Average Enrollment.	Average Attendance
1898	8863	6933	6361
1899	8716	7207	6532
1900	8684	7150	6560
1901	9145	7621	6976
1902	9569	7652	7159
1903	9626	7638	7058
1904	9554	9520	7225
1905	10389	8348	7857
1906	11326	8667	8132
1907	10426	8337	8131

THE HIGH SCHOOL.

Year,	Enrollment.	Average Enrollment.	Average Attendance.
1898	247	222	216
1899	211	191	184
1900	256	231	225
1901	248	225	221
1902	207	200	197
1903	187	187	185
1904	227	218	215
1905	281	270	265
1906	286	280	276
1907	280	263	257

Table Hour.

NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO ATTENDED SCHOOL (BOTH NIGHT AND DAY) BY AGES.

	Je.	emale.	tal.						
	Male	Fer	Total						
Number of pupils between 4 and 5 years of age									
Number of pupils between 5 and 6 years-of age									
Number of pupils between 6 and 7 years of age			000						
Number of pupils between 7 and 8 years of age	556	519							
Number of pupils between 8 and 9 years of age	585	587	1172						
Number of pupils between 9 and 10 years of age	593	595	1188						
Number of pupils between 10 and 11 years of age	591	597	1188						
Number of pupils between 11 and 12 years of age	551	540	1091						
Number of pupils between 12 and 13 years of age	550	466	1016						
Number of pupils between 13 and 14 years of age	421	397	818						
Number of pupils between 14 and 15 years of age	309	230	539						
Number of pupils between 15 and 16 years of age	190	136	326						
Number of pupils between 16 and 17 years of age	118	87	205						
Number of pupils between 17 and 18 years of age	63	44	107						
Number of pupils between 18 and 19 years of age	56	34	90						
Number of pupils between 19 and 20 years of age	80	26	106						
Total	5594	5127	10721						

Table Hive

The following table shows the enrollment and average attendance for the school year ending June 30th, 1907.

		Average
Month.	Enrollment.	Attendance.
September	8964	8451
October	8916	8268
November	8877	8220
December	8565	7831
January	8645	7795
February	8612	78 06
March	8510	7755
April	8414	7633
May	8304	7587
June	7998	
	1990	7542

The total enrollment for the year was 10,721; the average attendance for the year was 8,131.

Tahle Six,

STATISTICS OF NIGHT SCHOOL.

	1898-9	1899-0	1900-1	1901-2	1902-3	1903-4	1903-4 1904-5	1905-6	1906-7
No. of Schools	H	-	-	, i	П	г	н.	Ħ,	1
No. of Nights Kept Open	43	47	65	. 64	64	64	64	64	64
Evenings per Week	က	e0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
No. of pupils Enrolled	628	615	490	552	262	586	588	651	543
Average Salaries per week	\$7 50	87 50	87 50	\$8 11	\$8 12	\$8 12	87,50	\$7 50	87 60
No. of Teachers.	6	10	п	11	11	11	14	11	17
Total amount of salaries	\$995 00	8 1,456 0	\$1,350 00	\$ 1,699 69	\$1,461 0	\$1,688 00	\$995 00 \$1,456 00 \$1,350 00 \$1,699 69 \$1,461 00 \$1,688 00 \$1,744 37 \$1,876 52 \$2,067 84	\$1,876 52	\$2,067 84
	\$193 07	\$ 44 6(\$193 07 \$14 60 \$20 50 \$28 50	\$28 50	\$19 0	\$19 00 \$126 30		\$10 00 \$184 35	\$329 00

Table Seven.

SHOWING THE COST OF TEXT-BOOKS AND SUPPLIES.

YEAR.	Amount expended for Text Books	Cost of books per pupil	Amount expended for supplies	Cost of supplies per pupil	Total cost per pupil
1898-9	\$5,368 74	.59	\$4,467 11	.49	\$1 08
1899-0	5,543 24	.66	4,459 07	.50	1 16
1900-1	5,394 13	.59	4,885 00	.53	1 12
1901-2	3,699 25	.38	5,000 00	.52	90
1902-3	2,712 71	.28	6,289 47	.64	92
1903-4	7,661 84	.78	4,046 75	.41	1 19
1904-5	6,785 57	.65	5,715 44	.54	1 19
1905-6	6,439 30	.63	5,296 93	.49	1 12
1906-7	8,680 57	.85	6,476 77	.63	1 48

Table Eight.

Showing the number of teachers employed, the number of class-rooms in the building, the seating capacity of each school building and the enrollment of pupils in each school.

SCHOOL.	Number of teachers employed	Class rooms in each building	Seating capacity	Eurollment of pupils	
No. 1. No. 2. No. and Annex No. 4. No. 5. No. 6. No. 7. No. 8. High School Specials Night School. Total * Copenhagen Classes.	25 26 25 35* 19 29 20 37 12 4 16 ——————————————————————————————————	23 24 24 23* 16 26 18 34 10	988 956 1152 940 920 1246 887 1656 365	1056 1065 1239 1430 1055 1323 967 1709 280 543	

Table Nine.

SHOWING THE COST OF TEXT-BOOKS AND SUP-PLIES PER PUPIL BASED ON THE ENROLLMENT AND AVERAGE ATTENDANCE FOR THE

SCHOOL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1907.

SCHOOL.	Enrollment	Aver. attendance	Total cost	Cost per pupil based on enroll-ment.	Cost per pupil based on aver.
No. 1	1056	881	\$1,546 47	\$1 46	\$1 76
No. 2	1065	863	1,551 17	1 46	1 80
No. 3 and Annex	1293	948	1,031 51	80	1 08
No. 4 and Train	1430	1042	1,965 98	1 37	1 89
No. 5	1055	770	1,102 18	1 04	1 43
No. 6	1323	1028	1,797 01	1 36	1 75
No. 7	967	706	989 01	1 02	1 40
No. 8	1709	1388	2,632 63	1 54	1 89
High School	280	257	2,541 38	9 08	9 89
Night School	543	249	369 00	68	1 48

Table Ten.

SHOWING THE NUMBER OF DAYS LOST THROUGH ABSENCE OF TEACHERS FOR THE YEAR END-ING JUNE 30th, 1907.

School	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	
No. 1.	10	261/2	25	36	25	30	6	281/2			2501/2
No. 2.	1 1	2	71/2	6	21	36	11/2	121/2	321/2	8	128
No. 3.	17	301/2	131/2	5	5	1	0	2	1	21/2	771/2
No. 4.	8	21/2	15	71/2	5	8	291/2	18	17	7	1171/2
No. 5.	2	2	61/2	9	14	411/2	141/2	81/2	25	5	128
No. 6.	111	47	221/2	13	23	31	241/2	49	32	15	268
No. 7.	31/2	141/2	141/2	101/2	151/2	12	12	91/2	16	6	1131/2
No. 8.	12	1½	9	24	341/2	24	251/2	171/2	241/2	131/2	186
High	111	9	21/2	4	31/2	51/2	51/2	1	15	6	63
Sp'ls .	1	5	41/2	6	7	51/2	9	6	6	0	50
Total .	76½	1401/2	1201/2	121	1531/2	1941/2	128	1521/2	2011/2	294	13821/2

Total days' absence during the year ending June 30, 1907, 13821/2. Total days' absence during the year ending Pune 30, 1906, 13771/2.

Table Eleven

ATTENDANCE DEPARTMENT.

REPORT 1906-1907.

*Number of children whose parents were visited5,030
ivulliber of truants brought to school
Number of truants arrested
Number of truants reprimanded
Number of truants on probation
Number of truants sent to Jamesburg School
*Parents are visited because of all and all all and all all and all all all all and all all all all all all all all all al
*Parents are visited because of absence and irregular at tendance.
terraurice,



Authorized List of Text Books for Use in Primary and Grammar Schools.

ARITHMETICS.

Supplementary text-book for the 8 B Milne's Standard

seventh and eighth grades—Peck's 8 A Milne's Standard 7 B Milne's Standard

Grammar School Arithmetic.

7 A Milne's Standard

6 B Essentials of Arithmetic

6 A Essentials of Arithmetic

5 B Milne's Elements

5 A Milne's Elements

GEOGRAPHIES.

- 8 B Frve's Grammar School Geography
- 8 A Frye's Grammar School Geography
- 7 B Frye's Grammar School Geography
- 7 A Frye's Grammar School Geography
- 6 B Frye's Elementary Geography 6 A Frye's Elementary Geography
- 5 B Tarr and McMurray's Home Geography
- 5 A Tarr and McMurray's Home Geography
- 4 B Morton's Elementary Geography
- 4 A Morton's Elementary Geography

GEOGRAPHICAL READERS ADAPTED TO GRADE.

Carpenter's Geographic Readers.

Carroll's Around the World-Books I, II, III.

The World and its People Series

HISTORIES.

- 8 B Barnes School History
- 8 A Barnes School History
- 7 B Barnes School History
- 7 A Barnes School History
- 6 B Eclectic Primary History

6 A Eclectic Primary History

5 B Montgomery's Beginners History

5 A Barnes Revised Primary History

4 B Mowry's First Steps

4 A Eggleston's First Book

SUPPLEMENTARY BOOKS ON HISTORY

Wilson's History Reader
Topical Survey of the United States
Pratt's American History Stories
Judson's Young American
Stories of Great Americans for Little Americans

READERS.

8 B No text-book

8 A No text-book

7 B Hawthorne's 5th Reader

7 A Morse's 5th Reader

6 B Brumbaugh's 4th Reader

6 A Cyr's 4th Reader

5 B Progressive 4th Reader

5 A Heath's 4th Reader

4 B Judson and Bender's 4th Reader

4 A Brumbaugh's 3rd Reader

3 B Heath's 3rd Reader

3 A New Education Book 3

2 B New Education Book 2

2 A New Education Book 2

I B New Education Book I

I A New Education Book I

Perception Cards for New Education Reader, Books 1 and 2.

SUPPLEMENTARY READERS ADAPTED TO GRADE

Stepping Stones to Literature Lights to Literature Judson and Bender's Graded Literature Series. Progressive Course in Reading Series

CLASSICS FOR THE GRADES.

- 8 B Evangeline-Longfellow
- 8 A Snow Bound-Whittier
- 7 B Courtship of Miles Standish-Longfellow
- 7 A Selections from Irving's Sketch Book
- 6 B Dicken's Christmas Carol
- 6 A Tom Brown at Rugby-Hughes
- 5 B Man Without a Country-Hale
- 5 A Black Beauty-Sewell
- 4 B King of the Golden River-Ruskin
- 4 A Alice in Wonderland
- 3 B Kingley's Water Babies
- 3 A Faiy Tales, etc.

SPELLERS.

- 8 B Morse Speller No. 2
- 8 A Morse Speller No. 2
- 7 B Hazen Speller, Part 2
- 7 A Hazen Speller, Part 2
- 6 B Rice Speller, No. 2
- 6 A Rice Speller, No. 2
- 5 B Rice Speller, No. 2
- 5 A Rice Speller, No. 2
- 4 B Rice Speller, No. 1
- 4 A Rice Speller, No. 1
- 3 B Meleney and Giffin's Selected Words, Part 1
- 3 A Meleney and Giffin's Selected Words, Part 1

COPY-BOOKS (Medial and Semi-Slant).

Graphic System of Medial Copy-books series (large and small) Curtis System of Copy-book series Maynard and Merrill's System of Copy-book series Shaylor and Shattic System of Copy-book series

DICTIONARIES

For Pupil's use:

Webster's Common School Dictionary Worcester's Collegiate Dictionary

For reference:

Webster's International

The Standard

GRAMMARS AND LANGUAGE BOOKS.

- 8 B Maxwell's Advanced Grammar
- 8 A Maxwell's Advanced Grammar
- 7 B Maxwell's Advanced Grammar
- 7 A Maxwell's Elementary Grammar
- 6 B Maxwell's Elementary Grammar
- 6 A Maxwell's Elementary Grammar
- 5 B Maxwell's Elementary Grammar
- 5 A Maxwell's Elementary Grammar
- 4 B Reed's Introductory Language Work
- 4 A Reed's Introductory Language Work

MAPS AND CHARTS.

Rand and McNally
The Scarborough Series

PUNCTUATION, DICTATION BLANKS AND SPELLING BLANKS.

O'Neill's Punctuation
O'Neill's Dictation Blanks
Peckham and Little's Spelling Blank (semi-slant)
Kerr's Spelling Blanks (semi-slant)
Graphic Spelling Blanks (Medial)
Shaylor and Shattuck's Spelling Blanks (Medial)

CIVICS

8 B Townsend's Civil Government or Schwinn and Stevenson 8 A Townsend's Civil Government or Schwinn and Stevenson 7 B Giffin's Civics for Young Americans Nation and State

PHYSIOLOGIES (Adapted to grade)

Blaisdell's Child's Book of Health Blaisdell's "How to Keep Well" Blaisdell's "How to Live" Conn's Physiology

NATURE STUDY, ETC.

Wilson's Nature Study—Books I and 2. Overton's Nature Study Lippincott's Elementary Science Readers, Books I, 2 and 3

MORALS AND MANNERS.

Dewey's Guide Right Shearer's Manners and Morals

ENCYCLOPEDIAS.

Student's Reference Work Chamber's Encyclopedias

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.

Keystone Views



Superintendent.

DATE OF APPOINTMENT	NAME	ADDRESS	GRADE
April 19, 1897.	A. J. Demarest	1017 Bloomfield St	Superintendent

Principals and Teachers.

SCHOOL No. 1.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Nov. 1, 1903. A. J. Allen.	617 Bloomfield St Principal.
Sept. 1, 1872. E. G. Howar	d 940 Bloomfield St 8-B
Sept. 1, 1866. A. Burnett	76 Bentley Ave., J. C 8-A-1
July 14, 1879. J. Reid	1019 Bloomfield St 8-A-2
Sept. 8, 1879. M. McDonne	ell 811 Garden St 7 D 1
Sept. 1, 1877 N. McCain	723 Washington St 7-B-2
Sept. 1, 1880I. E. Jackso	n 1023 Bloomfield St 7-A-1
Sept. 27, 1880. M. Coghill	836 Bloomfield St 7-A-2
Sept. 27, 1880. S. Michell	1015 Bloomfield St 6-B-1
Sept. 15, 1873. C. M. Ward	81 Oak St., J. C. 6-B-2
Sept. 1, 1884I. C. Schrade	r 908 Park Ave 6-4-1
Dec. 1, 1888A. Dovle	812 Washington St 5-B
Sept. 12, 1893. K. Roche	523 Park Ave. 5-A
Sept. 1, 1891L. Wissinger	1120 Bloomfield St 4-B
Oct. 1, 1895. D, Strothoff	804 Bloomfield St. 4-A
Nov. 15, 1897 E. O'Raffert	y 727 Park Ave
Dec. 1, 1907 M. Canning.	121 Bloomfield St 3-A
*Feb. 1, 1897 M. Krause	613 Willow Ave 3-A
June 1, 1901 A. Perry	820 Washington St 2-B
Aug. 26, 1895. J. J. Walsh.	600 Willow Ave 2-A
Sept. 1, 1902 E. Carling	937 Bloomfield St 1-B
Feb. 1, 1895 E. Alt	314 Washington St 1-A-1
June 1, 1882 C. V. Haven	s 942 Bloomfield St 1-A-2
Oct. 23, 1905 M. Downey	59 Park Ave
Sept. 1, 1897 K. Judge	1116 Park Ave Kindergarten
April 1, 1899. A. Wilson	715 Garden St "

SCHOOL No. 2.

SCIIO 0.14 No. 2.	
Sept. 1, 1902. W. J. Wyse 825 Hudson St	Principal.
Sept. 1, 1868. M. C. Gourlie 937 Washington St	8-B
Oct. 1, 1872 V. Harry	8-A-2
Feb. 26, 1877 M. Jeanneret 58 Tenth St	8-A-1
Feb. 1, 1870 M. T. Hedges 373 Franklin St., Blfd.	7-B
May 1, 1889 K. Horwood 1029 Garden St	7-A
Sept. 28, 1878. S. W. Applegate. 718 Washington St	6-B-2
Sept. 8, 1879. M. C. Applegate. 718 Washington St	6-B-1
Jan. 15, 1881 L. Reid	6-A-2
Oct. 18, 1897 I. C. Erk	6-A-1
Oct. 1, 1886 P. Stursberg 932 Washington St	5-B
Mar. 12, 1895. L. Jeanneret 58 Tenth St	5-A-2
April 1, 1891 M. Wiggins 1237 Garden St	5-A-1
May 1, 1906 L. Meylich 824 Garden St	4-B
Feb. 1, 1897 I. McCague 1016 Garden St	4-A
April 16, 1906. F. Niver 819 Washington St	3-B
Sept. 1, 1891 H. Van Keuren 103 Seventh St	3-A-2
Sept. 9, 1889. E. J. Howard 940 Bloomfield St	3-A-1
Jan. 1, 1887 W. McCain 723 Washington St	2-B-1
# Tooms of Absons	

^{*} Leave of Absence.

SCHOOL No. 2.—(Con.)

Mar. 21, 1898	Sophie Schroder. 906 Washington St	2-B-2
Sept. 1, 1907	Sara Maxwell 1006 Garden St	2-A
Dec. 10, 1892	. R. Guinan 710 Bloomfield St	L-A-1
Sept. 1, 1891	Sadie Schroeder. 1120 Bloomfield St 1	L-B-2
Sept. 15, 1878.	S. G. Schrader 908 Park Ave	l-B-1
Sept. 3, 1883	J. Wendover 815 Washington St	L-A
Sept. 1, 1880.) Oct. 8, 1894. (A. B. Francis 834 Park Ave Ki	ndergarten
Oct. 4, 1898	M. A. Feeny 331 Garden St	**

SCHOOL No. 3.

	022 110. 5.	
Sept. 1, 1891. A. Musgrave	740 Park Ave	Principal.
May 1, 1905. A. Fleming	[940 Willow Ave]	5-B
Oct. 1, 1903 Gertrude Pope	807 Bloomfield St	5-A-2
Feb. 1, 1904 Ada Smith	1119 Park Ave	5-A-1
Dec. 1, 1901 A. D. Ryan	919 Willow Ave	4-B-1
Mar. 21, 1898. B. F. Hart	232 Washington St	4-B-2
Sept. 9, 1907. Edith Sheridan	1013 Bloomfield St	4-B-2
Feb. 8, 1906. Edith Allen	1023 Washington St	4-A-1
Oct. 20, 1902. M. Keresey	208 Bloomfield St	3-A-1
Feb. 1, 1907. C. Strothoff	804 Bloomfield St	3-A-2
Sept. 1, 1902. M. Livesey	831 Willow Ave	1-B-3
May 25, 1885. L. Hoehnle	714 Bloomfield St	
Oct. 23, 1905. E. Aitchinson	311 Bloomfield St	3-B-2
Oct. 1, 1903. F. Ingleson	823 Hudson St	3-A-2
Nov. 1, 1904. G. Gorman	1115 Bloomfield St	2-B-2
Oct. 15, 1903. J. Henry	94 River St	2-B-1
Sept. 1, 1904. C. O'Rafferty	727 Park Ave	2-A-3
Oct. 15, 1903. M. Ford	637 Bloomfield St	2-A-2
Nov. 1, 1907. E. Goll	908 Washington St	1-A-2
Nov. 1, 1903. E. Eaton	513 Park Ave	1-A-1
Mar. 21, 1898. E. Mooney		Kindergarten
Mar. 21, 1898. A. O'Callaghan		
Sept. 11, 1905. H. Reid		1-B
Sept. 11, 1905. M. Harvey	1126 Park Ave	1-A-2
Sept. 17, 1907. Mary Giusto	1031 Bloomfield St	1-A-3
May 15, 1905. L. Deacon	11113 Willow Ave	1-A-1

SCHOOL No. 4.

Sept. 25, 1871. E. A. Allen	1217 Garden St	Principal.
June 1, 1875. A. Sherwood	1217 Garden St	
Dec. 29, 1884 A. Meharg	928 Garden St	64
Jan. 1, 1885. E. Leonard	502 Hudson St	7-A
May 1, 1883 A. Harding	707 Garden St	6-B
Nov. 1, 1897 M. Cassidy	316 Willow Ave	6-A
Aug. 26, 1895. H. Seyd	506 Washington St	6-A-2
May 1, 1885 E. L. Jackson		6-A-3
Oct. 4, 1898. F. McCague	1016 Garden St	5-B-1
Aug. 21, 1899 J. Kerr	1028 Washington St	5-B-2
May 1, 1901 J. McCammond	713 Bloomfield St	5-A
Nov. 12, 1877 I. McEnnery		4-B-1
Sept. 1, 1882 C. A. Lambert		4-A-2
Oct. 1, 1901C. Mount		

SCHOOL No. 4.—(Con.)

Feb. 1, 1891 J. Pinner 507 Washington	StI 3-B-1
Oct. 1, 1905 E. Toohey 531 Garden St.	3-B-2
June 1, 1901 M. Roche 616 Hudson St	3-B-3
Sept. 1, 1891 A. Geayer	3-A-1
Oct. 1, 1906 Grace Pope 807 Bloomfield S	t 3-A-3
Jan. 1, 1890. G. Van DenBergh 834 Garden St.	2-B-1
Nov. 1, 1897. E. Johnston 527 Bloomfield	St 2-B-1
Oct. 23, 1905. A. Arata 1132 Garden S	t 2-A-2
Sept. 12, 1903. J. Murphy 261 First St	2-B-2
Sept. 1, 1898. K. Hicks 926 Garden St	2-A-1
Oct. 23, 1905. J. Scott 913 Bloomfield	St 2-A-3
Feb. 14, 1905 M. E. Allen 1217 Garden St.	2-A-4
Oct. 18, 1897. E. Ingleson. 823 Hudson St.	1-B-1
Dec. 1, 1905A. McDermott 825 Hudson St	1-B-3
Sept. 1, 1896. M. Johnston 527 Bloomfield	St 1-B-2
Feb. 1, 1897. J. Traynor 927 Willow Ave.	1-A-1
Oct. 1, 1906. A. Lockwood 615 Hudson St.	1-A-2
Mar. 1, 1907 C. C. Worsthorn 129 Hudson St	1;-A-3
Sept. 1, 1897 C. Brown 321 Hudson St	Kindergarten
Mar. 21, 1898. A. C. Tallon 700 Washington	St "
Dec. 1, 1901. S. F. Leinkauf 803 Washington	St Supt.'s Office.

SCHOOL No. 5.

Sept. 1, 1873. } A. E. Moore	1007 Garden St	Principal.
Dec. 1, 1887L. Lambert	258 Tenth St	5-B-1
Sept. 19, 1905 M. Rechert	1035 Garden St	5-B-2
Nov. 21, 1905 M. A. O'Toole	1023 Park Ave	5-A
Nov. 1, 1890 C. I. Clinton	1215 Bloomfield St	4-B-1
Jan. 1, 1893 M. A. Clark	333 Garden St	4-A
Feb. 1, 1893 A. A. O'Rafferty.	727 Park Ave	3-B
May 1, 1894 H. I. Reidy	1126 Willow Ave	3-A
Oct. 1, 1883 A. M. Booth	638 Bloomfield St	3-A-2
Oct. 23, 1905 A. M. Beck	825 Hudson St	2-B-1
Aug. 26, 1895. D. Ahrens	618 Bloomfield St	2-B-2
May 1, 1894. S. P. Vinten	103 Seventh St	2-A-1
Nov. 20, 1895 J. Werkless	908 Garden St	1-B-2
Oct. 1, 1905 E. R. Reidy	1126 Willow Ave	1-B-1
Aug. 26, 1895 E. Connelly	261 Fourth St	1-A-1
June 1, 1873 M. H. Vose	303 Hudson St	1-A-2
Oct. 23, 1905L. Pindar	710 Grand St	1-A-3
Sept. 1, 1883 K. Myddleton		Kindergarten
Jan. 12, 1903 K. O'Rafferty		46

SCHOOL No. 6.

Sept. 1.	1897 L.	B. Bissell	1227 Bloomfield St	Principal.
Sept. 1,	1873A.	A. Higgins	730 Park Ave	8-B
			58 Tenth St	
			206 Eleventh St	
Sept. 1,	1878 A.	Moore	902 Bolomfield St	7-A
Sept. 1,	1878 H.	Herbert	209 Tenth St	6-B

SCHOOL No. 6.—(Con.)

Feb. 27, 1882M. E. Jackson	1023 Bloomfield St	6-B-2
Sept. 14, 1885 M. E. Idell		6-A-1
Sept. 14, 1885L. I. Husy	106 Eleventh St	6-A-2
Feb. 15, 1888. M. O'Callaghan.	1223 Bloomfield St	5-B-1
Nov. 7, 1889. M. Moffatt	154 Tenth St	5-B-2
Oct. 4, 1898. L. Farr	933 Bloomfield St	5-A-1
June 25, 1894. B. M. Loomer.	1021 Washington St.	5-A-2
April 1, 1896. L. Greenhaum	1035 Garden St	4-B-1
Oct. 4, 1898. K. MacAvov.	213 Tenth St	4-B-2
Sept. 15, 1892. E. Maltus	909 Hudson St	4-A
May 1, 1901 M A Bergen	1605 Madison St	3-B-2
Sept. 9, 1907. E. V. Frost	161 Thirteenth St	3-B-1
Sept. 1, 1902. A Henke	65 Tenth St	3-A
Mar. 21, 1898C Besson	1225 Bloomfield St	3-A-2
Oct. 21, 1895 Hauser	944 Bloomfield St	2-A-2
Jan. 1, 1904. F. Bonynge	931 Washington St	2-B-1
Oct. 27, 1884A. L. Beck	1033 Park Ave	2-A-1
Oct. 1, 1893. M. A. Breen.	1012 Bloomfield St.	1-B-2
Mar. 21, 1898. J. Judge	721 Garden St	1-A-1
Sept. 19, 1904 M Moore	11122 Bloomfield St. 1	1-A-2
Nov. 1, 1907. M. Cowper	206 Tenth St	1-A-3
April 1, 1875. Sept. 1, 1890. P. F. Luehs	830 Cardon St	Kindergerten
Sept. 18, 1899'M. Livingston	805 Washington St	66

SCHOOL No. 7.

Dec. 1, 1906. E. W. Oliver	1031 Washington St Principal.
Feb. 1, 1886L. Kirk	1027 Willow Ave 6-A
Feb. 1, 1886. E. Upton	913 Washington St 5-B
Sept. 29, 1883 I. F. Thies	
May 15, 1865. A. S. Mills	60 Twelfth St 4-A-2
Dec. 1, 1888 da Lull	1103 Washington St 4-A-1
Sept. 1, 1902. Nov. 1, 1887. K. Kiernan	918 Willow Ave 3-B-1
Mar. 1, 1907. M. V. Cummings.	79 Washington St 3-B-2
April 1, 1899. L. J. Clinton	1215 Bloomfield St 3-A-2
Oct. 4, 1898 E. M. Burnette	724 Washington St 3-A-1
April 1, 1900. K. Funcheon	506 Garden St 2-B-2
Sept. 1, 1902 M. Murray	709 Willow Ave 2-B-1
Oct. 1, 1889 M. Sandmann	827 Washington St (2-A-2
Sept. 16, 1891 N. L. Stephens	1031 Park Ave 2-A-1
Nov. 1, 1907. S. Toohey	531 Garden St 1-A-2
Sept. 1, 1896 M. Johnston	527 Bloomfield St 1-B-1
Aug. 26, 1895 M. Fitzsimon	1014 Willow Ave 1-A-2
Sept. 1. 1907. Madeline Giusto	1031 Bloomfield St 1-A-1
Sept. 14, 1885 A. Black	1038 Bloomfield St Kindergarten
May 1, 1901 M. F. Tallon	305 Washington St "

SCHOOL No. 8.

Mar.	1.	1900	I. F	Brandt	1212	Garden	St	Principal.
May	1.	1871	L. E	E. Robinson	1014	Garden	St	8-B-1
Nov	1	1873	M	T. Lawler	258	Tenth St		8-A-1

SCHOOL No. 8.—(Con.)

	4044	
Sept. 7, 1874. J. Livingston	1041 Bloomfield St	8-A-2
Sept. 7, 1874. G. Kellett		7-B-1
Sept. 8, 1879 C. Vottler	918 Washington St	7-B-2
Nov. 1, 1879. E. Smith	822 Park Ave	7-A-1
Sept. 1, 1889. L. Haddenhorst.		7-A-2
Sept. 5, 1881 L. Moch	732 Park Ave	6-B-1
Sept. 1, 1891 M. McKenzie	87 Madison St	6-A-1
Jan. 31, 1898. E. G. Davy	211 Hudson St	6-A-2
Oct. 19, 1904. E. G. Murphy	1029 Washington St	6-A-3
Jan. 1, 1904. O. C. Brelle	1012 Willow Ave	5-B-1
Nov. 16, 1903. A. C. Searle	1042 Park Ave	5-B-2
Sept. 19, 1898. H. Pinner	507 Washington St	5-B
Sept. 1, 1902. N. A. Barry	703 Park Ave	5-A-1
Oct. 1, 1905 K. Sullivan	213 Clinton St	4-B-1
Feb. 1, 1903. E. C. Hiney	1041 Bloomfield St	4-B-2
Sept. 22, 1902 C. Kent	714 Park Ave	4-A-1
April 1, 1907. Jennie A. Frost.	161 Thirteenth St	4-A-2
Oct. 1, 1905. J. Johnston	527 Bloomfield St	3-B
Oct. 1, 1905 M. Coughlin	1028 Park Ave	3-A-1
Sept. 14, 1904. J. B. Brandt	1212 Garden St	3-A-2
Sept. 22, 1902 M. F. Donnelly	628 Bloomfield St	2-B-1
Sept. 12, 1893. E. Clinton	1215 Bloomfield St	2-B-2
Sept. 17, 1907 M. Coyle		
Dec. 1, 1904. M. Donlon	262 Tenth St	3-B
Feb. 1, 1905 G. MacMillan	1309 Garden St	1-B-1
April 1, 1899. E. Wilson	214 Tenth St	2-A
Nov. 1, 1907 A. Sullivan	213 Clinton St	1-B
Sept. 11, 1905 A. Gunderson	113 Washington St	1-B
Oct. 8, 1894 A. C. Tallon	305 Washington St	1-A-2
Oct. 20, 1902 M. Delaney	414 Grand St	1-A-3
Oct. 1, 1889 K. McHale	1128 Garden St	Kindergarten
Mar. 21, 1898 M. McCullagh	255 Eleventh St	66
Sept. 1, 1904G. B. Judge	721 Garden St	2-A
June 1, 1901. E. Johnston	527 Bloomfield St	Office.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Sept. 1, 1893 L. F. Talbot 704 Garden St Principal,
Sept. 1, 1879. S. L. Swart 807 Washington St VPrincipal
June 1, 1886. S. E. Swart VPrincipal
May 17, 1890. V. Borthwick 913 Bloomfield St
Aug. 4, 1871., M. E. Lawler 1213 Washington St
Sept. 24, 1900. E. F. Kelly 52 Cathedral P'k'y, N.Y.
Nov. 1, 1881. G. A. Correa 213 Tenth St
Dec. 1, 1907 M. Van Ness 163 S. 9th St., Newark
Nov. 1, 1905. J. G. Coleman 617 Bloomfield St
Sept. 1, 1907. A. J. Dillon 905 Garden St
Sept. 9, 1907. F. J. Trich 828 Bloomfield St
Sept. 1, 1907. A. Wakefield 305 Hudson St
Oct. 16, 1899 C. Planer
Sept. 1, 1900. B. Hecker

SPECIALS.

Mar. 1, 1892E.	Erk	910 Bloomfield St
Sept. 1, 1897A.	Kelly	130 E. 27th St., N. Y
Oct. 1, 1891K.	MacCord	60 Tenth St
		79 Washington St

JANITORS.

May 2, 1903Thos. O'Toole	728 Willow Ave No. 1 School
Jan. 28, 1907. Mrs. M. Ryan	165 Tenth St No. 2 School
Jan. 1, 1892 M. McIntyre	222 Adams St No. 3 School
Aug. 23, 1905. Mrs. B. Halloran	6th St. & Willow Ave. No. 4 School
May 1, 1897D. Murphy	257 First St No. 5 School
Aug. 1, 1891. E. Forbes	932 Willow Ave No. 6 School
Sept. 1, 1897 R. Henry	113 Washington St No. 7 School
May 7, 1903. S. Donaldson	301 Willow Ave No. 8 School
Aug. 15, 1898. J. Moore	123 Willow Terrace H. S.
June 10, 1907 Mrs. M. Lally	62 Monroe St No. 3 Annex

TRUANT OFFICERS.

			Fourteenth St
Sept. 1, 190	6 Henry Spohr	821	Washington St

^{*} Sp. Substitute.

INDEX.

Absence of Teachers, days lost45
Appointments of Teachers39
Appropriations and Disbursements16
Attendance Department46
Average Attendance by Months45
Average Attendance for Year41
Board of Education, City5
Board of Education, State4
Board Meetings
Bonded Indebtedness of School District16
Compulsory Attendance31
Disbursements
As to Funds16
As to Schools
Itemized9-15
Summary of8-9
Enrollment of Pupils41
By Age42
By Month42
Evening School34-35
Free Public Lectures33
Free Public Library34
Graduates of Grammar Schools28-31
Graduates of High School27
Graduates of Training School28
High School23-26
Home Study33-34
In Memoriam
Janitors
Date of Appointment57
Residence of57
School57
Location of Schools
Manual Training19.21
Medical Inspection35
Night School Statistics43
Office of Board5
Officers of Board, Names of.

4	1	00	 21	7 20 0
v	4001		 v.	ırs.

Secretary
Superintendent
Parents' Association21-2
Principals, Names of
Residence of52-5
Schools
Receipt of School Moneys7-8
Reports
Secretary7-17
Superintendent18-3/
Resignations39
Seating Capacity in Schools44
Special Teachers57
Summary of Statistics49
Superintendent52
Tardiness of Pupils41
Teachers
Date of Appointment of
Grades Taught by52-57
Number of44
Residence of52-57
Telephone Call of Board of Education
Text-books, Authorized List of47-51
Text-books and Supplies, cost of44-45
Training and Model School28
Truant Officers
Date of Appointment of57
Names of57
Residence of57









